Farm Buildings at Tarset Hall A0044

Site Type	Farm buildings [and possible site of Fulling Mill, see notes]
Site Name	Tarset Hall, Farm buildings
Other Name(s)	
Ownership	Tarset Hall, Tarset, Hexham, NE48 1JY
Related Sites	Tarset Hall A0043

LOCATION

National Grid Reference	NY 7870 8545	Km Square	NY 7885
TAG 2006 Atlas : Map	M1	Air Photo. No	Run FOS/74062107

Modern Parish	Tarset
Historic Parish & Township	Bellingham Charlton West

LISTINGS

Scheduled Ancient Monument		Listed	
National Monument Record		English Heritage Pastscape	
Historic Environment Record		Tarset & Greenhaugh HVA	43
Grundy	TAR 60	Tarset & Greystead Books	MM- LX-

EVIDENCE

Extant.

DESCRIPTION

The farm buildings stand a little to the north of the house, and are arranged around a rectangular yard open to the south. Although at first sight a relatively regular group they are the product of at least three building phases. The oldest part is the western half of the twostoreyed north range, built in roughly-coursed and roughly squared stone with substantial quoins of late 18th century character, and two doorways which may be original, one with a narrow chamfer and the other with an external rebate. There is an external stone stair to a granary door that looks like a later insertion, as does a window above the rebated doorway further east. Inside the granary the west end shows a slit vent and below it, c1.5m above the floor, a series of projecting through stones, a similar series can be seen in the external face of the east wall, now within the extension to the granary over the later eastern part of the range. This, perhaps of c1840 has two segmental-headed arches below granary windows that have chamfered alternating block surrounds.

The single-storeyed east range is of similar fabric to the eastern part of the north range, and seems to be of the same build. It has chamfered and rebated doorways, and a series of slit vents; at its south end is an unusual narrow external stair, with indented steps the width of a single foot cut into a series of inclined slabs. These look to be re-used from some earlier building, possibly the nearby Castle. The rear elevation of the range has more slit vents and an elliptical-headed arch to a cart shed at its north end.

DISCLAIMER

This is a record of Tarset's historical and archaeological sites. It is published under a Creative Commons License.

Please note that Tarset Archive Group members do not guarantee either accuracy or completeness of this record. Data are derived from a variety of sources including its original work; some of these may be copyright. Use of data for any legal purpose should be checked against primary sources. Comments and suggestions to tarsetarchivegroup1@btinternet.com

TARSET ARCHIVE GROUP SITE RECORD

The west range is the latest part of the group, being added in the later 19th century. it is single-storeyed, and built of roughly coursed stone, with a roof of artificial tiles in contrast to the Welsh slate of the other ranges. It has doorways and windows with narrow chamfered surrounds; the window jambs are formed by one upright stone with a horizontal one at top and bottom, like those of the inserted granary window in the northern part of the north range. Later 20th century sheds cover the rear elevation of the west and north ranges. Peter Ryder, Farm Survey [for A0043]

IMAGES



NOTES

Reported to have been the site of a **Fulling Mill** but there appears now to be no trace of this or of any associated works such as a weir in the Tarset Burn or a leat. [HVA] During the excavations at Tarset Castle by Mr. W.S. Charlton in 1888 a well-built stone-lined passage was found extending from the castle past Tarset Hall farm. The stone was taken out and used to build a cottage near the railway station, probably Tarset Lodge A0362. A sketch plan was made which shows the 'passage' on and running roughly parallel to the left bank of the Tarset Burn. [2, 3] It seems likely that this was a mill leat in which case the mill would probably have been downstream of the present road bridge over the Tarset Burn, which is on the site of a ford. A'fine bronze key' is said to have been found in the passage and a sketch of this was published in *Archaeolologia Aeliana*. The original of the sketch is probably the drawing held by the Northumberland record Office. [4]

DISCLAIMER

This is a record of Tarset's historical and archaeological sites. It is published under a Creative Commons License.

Please note that Tarset Archive Group members do not guarantee either accuracy or completeness of this record. Data are derived from a variety of sources including its original work; some of these may be copyright. Use of data for any legal purpose should be checked against primary sources. Comments and suggestions to <u>tarsetarchivegroup1@btinternet.com</u>

TARSET ARCHIVE GROUP SITE RECORD

REFERENCES

1	Tarset Archive Group Farm Survey (2006) Tarset Hall, The	
	Archaeological Practice, Newcastle upon Tyne.	
2	Hope-Dodds, M. (1940). A History of Northumberland (Simonburn,	
	Rothbury, Alwinton).15. Newcastle upon Tyne. p.247.	
3	Northumberland Record Office: SANT/PLA/3/2/7 Underground	
	Passage at Tarset castle.	
4	Northumberland Record Office: SANT/BEQ/ 12/1/145B	



The Tarset Digital Archive by Tarset Archive Group is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International License.